Queensland Catholic Education Commission



Vocational Education and Training

Report: Outcomes of Strategic Directions 2017

January 2018

Introduction

The Queensland Catholic Education Commission(QCEC) provides the following report to the Queensland Department of Education on outcomes and achievement against each of the Funding Priorities as set out in Schedule 1 of 2017-2018 Vocational Education and Training (VET) in Schools Grant Funding Allocation.

QCEC is the peak strategic body with state-wide responsibilities for Catholic schooling in Queensland. QCEC collated data and responses from the five Diocesan Catholic School Authorities and 17 Religious Institutes and other incorporated bodies which, between them, operate a total of 107 Catholic secondary schools that offer VET opportunities to their students.

Funding Allocations

Queensland Catholic Education Commission (QCEC) received a total of \$930 400 from the VET in Schools Grant Funding Allocation in 2017. This payment is for the period 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018 and represents an increase of 2.23% on the previous period.

STRATEGIC DIRECTION 1

Supporting schools to respond to industry needs through Vocational Education and Training (VET) delivery as it aligns to the VET Investment Plan.

Performance Indicators

- (a) Number of VET courses/qualifications in Catholic schools
- (b) Number of Year 12 VET completions
- (c) Number of students undertaking Employment Stream courses.

Data from the Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority (QCAA) indicates that Queensland Catholic School Registered Training Organisations (RTOs) offered a total of **60 different VET qualifications to students in 2017¹.** Students in Queensland Catholic schools were enrolled in a total of **287 different VET qualifications in 2017²**.

The data in **Table 1** reflects the broader VET activity in 2017 for Year 12 students and shows the trend over the past five years.

Table 1 Year 12 VET Outcomes Data³

Characteristic	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Number of Year 12					
students:					
Completed Year 12 in	11206	10834	10663	10493	10028
Queensland Catholic schools					
Received a VET qualification	5202	4949	5044	5146	5726
Awarded Certificate I	1837	1900	2506	2686	2738
Awarded Certificate II	2709	2349	2111	1912	2928
Awarded Certificate III	2524	2539	2548	2584	2346
Awarded Certificate IV	190	139	149	176	160
Enrolled in School-based	317	310	331	285	271
Apprenticeship					
Enrolled in School-based	751	703	757	783	592
Traineeship					
Total SATs	1068	1013	1088	1068	863

¹ Data source OCAA Provisional Year 12 Student Outcomes 2017

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² Data source QCAA Provisional Year 12 Student Outcomes 2017

³ Data source OCAA Year 12 Student Outcomes 2013 - 2017

Employment Stream Qualifications

Table 2⁴ below provides enrolment and completion data for Year 10 - 12 students in Employment Stream qualifications in Queensland Catholic schools that have been extracted from the 2017 QCAA data-base.

Code	Qualification	Number of	Number of
		enrolments	completions
AHC10216	Certificate I in AgriFood Operations	19	18
AHC10210	Certificate I in AgriFood Operations	41	20
AHC10110	Certificate I in Conservation and Land Management	9	1
AHC10116	Certificate I in Conservation and Land Management	10	4
CPC10108	Certificate I in Construction	2	0
CPC10111	Certificate I in Construction	2453	581
MEM10105	Certificate I in Engineering	503	149
FDF10111	Certificate I in Food Processing	0	0
MSF10113	Certificate I in Furnishing	367	178
SIT10212	Certificate I in Hospitality	7	0
SIT10213	Certificate I in Hospitality	167	15
SIT10216	Certificate I in Hospitality	325	184
RGR10108	Certificate I in Racing (Stablehand)	0	0
SIS10115	Certificate I in Sport and Recreation	1	0
SIT10116	Certificate I in Tourism (Australian Indigenous Culture)	5	0
AHC20110	Certificate II in Agriculture	10	1
AHC20116	Certificate II in Agriculture	16	7
MEA20515	Certificate II in Aircraft Line Maintenance	34	19
MST20616	Certificate II in Applied Fashion Design and Technology	8	8
SFI20111	Certificate II in Aquaculture	0	0
AUR20216	Certificate II in Automotive Air Conditioning	0	0
ACK20210	Technology		
AUR21516	Certificate II in Automotive Cylinder Head Reconditioning	27	18
AUR20416	Certificate II in Automotive Electrical Technology	13	4
AUR20516	Certificate II in Automotive Servicing Technology	51	27
AUR21216	Certificate II in Automotive Underbody Technology	47	17
AUR20716	Certificate II in Automotive Vocational Preparation	239	121
SIS20113	Certificate II in Community Activities	4	0
CHC22015	Certificate II in Community Services	61	53
AHC21010	Certificate II in Conservation and Land Management	1	0
AHC21016	Certificate II in Conservation and Land Management	8	7
UEE22011	Certificate II in Electrotechnology (Career Start)	599	175
MEM20413	Certificate II in Engineering Pathways	905	353
MSF20313	Certificate II in Furniture Making	96	16
MSF20516	Certificate II in Furniture Making Pathways	204	47
HLT21212	Certificate II in Health Support Services	47	2
HLT23215	Certificate II in Health Support Services	269	176
AHC20410	Certificate II in Horticulture	18	5
AHC20416	Certificate II in Horticulture	7	4
SIT20212	Certificate II in Hospitality	3	0
SIT20213	Certificate II in Hospitality	463	70
SIT20316	Certificate II in Hospitality	1354	397
SIT20416	Certificate II in Kitchen Operations	333	142
TLI21815	Certificate II in Logistics	37	33

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⁴ Data source QCAA Provisional Student Outcomes 2017

MSM20216	Certificate II in Manufacturing Technology	34	29
AUR20616	Certificate II in Marine Mechanical Technology	6	3
MAR20313	Certificate II in Maritime Operations (Coxswain Grade 1 Near Coastal)	1	0
AUR20816	Certificate II in Outdoor Power Equipment Technology	1	1
SIS20213	Certificate II in Outdoor Recreation	61	20
10192NAT	Certificate II in Performing Arts	1	0
52700WA	Certificate II in Plumbing	102	33
RII20115	Certificate II in Resources and Infrastructure Work Preparation	73	40
FDF20510	Certificate II in Retail Baking Assistance	4	0
TLI21716	Certificate II in Road Transport Yard Operations (Freight Handler)	0	0
AHC21210	Certificate II in Rural Operations	192	76
AHC21216	Certificate II in Rural Operations	28	9
SHB20216	Certificate II in Salon Assistant	138	48
MSL20109	Certificate II in Sampling and Measurement	17	6
MSL20116	Certificate II in Sampling and Measurement	72	64
SIS20115	Certificate II in Sport and Recreation	746	178
SIS20412	Certificate II in Sport Career Oriented Participation	0	0
SIS20513	Certificate II in Sport Coaching	68	30
ICT20315	Certificate II in Telecommunications Technology	15	13
SIT20112	Certificate II in Tourism	113	5
SIT20116	Certificate II in Tourism	365	178
TLI22215	Certificate II in Tram or Light Rail Infrastructure	0	0
TLI21616	Certificate II in Warehousing Operations	5	2
	TOTALS	10805	3587

Table 2.1 Employment Stream enrolments by school RTO or external RTO 2014-17⁵

	2017	2016	2015	2014
School RTO	3823	3602	3626	3319
External RTO	6982	4676	3722	2185
Total Enrolments	10805	8278	7348	5504

Overall growth in Employment Stream enrolments highlights an upward trend and has increased by 96.3% from 2014 to 2017. The data indicates that from 2014 to 2017 the enrolments in Employment Stream qualifications in school RTOs has grown by 15.2%. The enrolments in Employment Stream qualifications in external RTOs have increased each year from 2014, highlighting a 49.2% increase from 2016 to 2017.

⁵ Data source QCAA Student Outcomes 2017

STRATEGIC DIRECTION 2

Increasing participation in School-Based Apprenticeships and Traineeships or other trades related vocational courses targeted to industry priorities.

Performance Indicators

- (a) Number of SATs enrolments per Industry Training Group (ITG).
- (b) Number of SATs enrolments per region, diocese, and school.

The following tables provide figures for 2017 SAT enrolments in Years 10 – 12 using data provided by DET Connect Data base. This represented a change in data source occasioned by new and more efficient QCEC processes to provide SATs seed funding using information accessed directly from DET Connect rather than via separate school application processes through QCEC. The internal QCEC SATs data base was the source of previous information for these reports. Both sets of figures used new enrolments registered for that year although there will be small discrepancies because the previous internal QCEC data was dependent on seed funding applications from schools and a very small number did not apply for seed funding through QCEC. There will be a difference in figures sourced from QCAA for student SAT enrolments since the QCAA Student outcome data only provides numbers of Year 12 students and includes those who undertook a SAT at any time during their senior schooling regardless of the year of enrolment.

Table 3 Number of SATs by Industry Group⁶

Industry Group	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
CATEGORY A					
Arts, Entertainment, Sport & Recreation	45	1	51	41	103
Automotive	48	43	39	60	62
Building & Construction	114	149	140	129	111
Community Services & Health	26	71	27	41	59
Finance, Banking & Insurance	0	0	0	0	0
Food Processing	3	7	6	15	9
TCF & Furnishings	10	8	10	8	10
Communications	0	1	3	0	2
Engineering, Marine & Mining	49	30	29	36	40
Primary Industry	38	27	48	46	46
Process Manufacturing	3	3	3	5	3
Sales & Personal Services	240	237	228	201	190
Tourism & Hospitality	179	216	184	196	218
Transport & Storage	9	11	6	11	5
Utilities	32	8	3	0	4
CATEGORY B					
Business & Clerical	131	151	173	130	140
Information Technology	28	45	36	53	92
Science, Technical & Other	1	0	0	0	0
CATEGORY C					
General Education & Training	70	51	47	24	9
Not Classified	0	0	0	2	0
TOTAL	1026	1084	1033	998	1103

Table 3 Overall, there has been a 5.35% decrease in the number of SATs enrolments for 2017 compared to 2016, with 2014 being the only year showing a smaller number of SAT enrolments. *The Sales and Personal Services* industry group continues to have the highest number of SAT enrolments since 2014, and along with *Building and*

⁶ Data source QCEC Seed Funding Applications 2012-2016 and DET Connect Data base 2017

Construction, Tourism and Hospitality and Business & Clerical appear to be the more popular industry groups for SATs over the last six years. Although the number of SATs in the Building and Construction industry group has declined in 2017 compared to years 2016, 2015 and 2014. The number of SATs in Tourism and Hospitality and Community Services and Health have also shown significant decline in 2017 compared to 2016. Arts, Entertainment, Sport & Recreation SAT numbers indicate a significant increase in 2017 compared to 2016.

Table 3.1 SATs Statistics DET Regions⁷

DET Region	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Brisbane	393	392	383	373	455	472
Central Qld	84	115	81	82	67	89
North Qld	136	135	136	119	112	98
South Coast	107	88	119	106	134	143
South West Qld	167	166	145	176	202	183
Wide Bay/ Sunshine Coast	139	188	169	142	133	170

Table 3.1 indicates increased enrolments in SATs have occurred in South Coast whilst Central Queensland and Wide Bay/Sunshine Coast enrolments have declined in 2017 compared to 2016.

Table 3.2 SATs Statistics by Diocese8

Catholic Diocese	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
Brisbane	639	660	663	606	716	781	
Cairns	75	62	63	55	73	54	
Rockhampton	90	123	85	89	74	97	
Toowoomba	133	166	145	176	202	183	
Townsville	89	73	77	72	38	40	
TOTAL	1026	1084	1033	998	1103	1155	

Data in **Table 3.2** highlights volatility in SATs enrolments across Dioceses with Cairns and Townsville showing increases and the other three dioceses indicating decreases in numbers of SATs enrolments in 2017 compared to 2016.

Table 4 SATs Statistics by Catholic Schools and Dioceses9

Diocesan Schools	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Brisbane						
Albert Park Flexible Learning Centre	2					
All Hallows' School, Brisbane	1	2	7	0	11	6
Aquinas College, Ashmore	19	26	29	29	40	49
Assisi College, Upper Coomera	26	16	18	25	19	28
Brigidine College, Indooroopilly	3	0	4	6	4	6
Carmel College, Thornlands	2	10	20	19	10	14
Chisholm Catholic College, Cornubia	16	29	0	3	0	1
Clairvaux Mackillop College, Mt Gravatt	12	5	6	8	7	29
Deception Bay Flexible Learning Centre	1	1	7	8	15	5
Emmaus College, Jimboomba	32	18	26	35	10	1
Hemmant Flexible Learning Centre	1					

⁷ Data source QCEC Seed Funding Applications 2012-2016 and DET Connect Data base 2017

⁸ Data source QCEC Seed Funding Applications 2012-2016 and DET Connect Data base 2017

⁹ Data source QCEC Seed Funding Applications 2012-2016 and DET Connect Data base 2017

Diocesan Schools	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Iona College, Wynnum	9	4	2	6	6	5
Loreto College, Coorparoo	1	0	0	4	5	3
Lourdes Hill College, Hawthorne	15	4	7	1	5	19
Marist College, Ashgrove	18	17	16	5	12	5
Mary MacKillop College, Nundah	6	3	6	3	8	6
Marymount College, Burleigh Waters	31	39	56	46	57	74
Mount Alvernia College, Kedron	9	5	6	0	3	1
Mount Maria College, Mitchelton	17	17	5	14	18	12
Mount Maria College, Petrie	13	16	5	12	15	21
Mt St Michael's College, Ashgrove	4	0	0	0	0	14
Noosa Flexible Learning Centre	1					
Our Lady's College, Annerley	0	0	4	4	1	0
Padua College, Kedron	8	9	0	10	3	3
San Sisto College, Carina	8	17	20	22	25	11
Seton College, Mt Gravatt	11	25	13	0	8	34
Siena Catholic College, Sippy Downs	13	44	44	26	22	15
Southern Cross College, Scarborough	22	24	18	14	26	25
St Augustine's College, Springfield	3	11	3	9	11	21
St Benedict's College, Mango Hill	2	3	NA	NA	NA	NA
St Columban's College, Caboolture	34	54	36	35	53	55
St Edmund's College, Woodend	13	13	21	11	20	16
St Eugene's College, Burpengary	20	12	16	31	18	22
St Francis College, Crestmead	9	1	2	3	15	5
St James College, Brisbane	8	0	9	5	12	19
St John Fisher College, Bracken Ridge	3	3	4	0	1	7
St John's College, Nambour	12	8	7	17	7	19
St Joseph's College, Brisbane	0	0	0	0	0	0
St Joseph's Nudgee College, Boondall	12	11	15	0	0	0
St Laurence's College, South Brisbane	21	18	17	20	26	40
St Mary's College, Ipswich	14	10	8	20	23	9
Saint Mary's Catholic College, Kingaroy	3	5	0	0	0	0
St Mary's College, Maryborough	4	16	10	9	17	23
St Michael's College, Carrara	33	23	41	8	40	41
St Patrick's College, Gympie	16	17	18	6	13	18
St Patrick's College, Shorncliffe	2	6	0	0	0	1
St Peter Claver College, Riverview	28	15	18	25	29	14
St Rita's College, Clayfield	1	9	11	14	14	7
St Teresa's College, Noosaville	18	26	36	18	15	29
St Thomas More College, Sunnybank	1	0	3	3	2	4
Stuartholme School, Toowong	2	6	1	3	2	4
Trinity College, Beenleigh	19	23	34	31	37	20
Unity College, Caloundra	19	27	20	18	28	8
Villanova College, Coorparoo	20	2	4	4	3	5
Xavier Catholic College, Hervey Bay	21	10	10	16	0	7
Total (55 schools)	639	571	663	606	716	781
Cairns						
Good Counsel College, Innisfail	17	14	13	10	16	14

Diocesan Schools	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Mount St Bernard's College, Herberton		1	0	0	0	0
St Andrew's College, Redlynch	31	15	20	13	5	10
St Augustine's College, Cairns	0	0	0	0	0	0
St Mary's Catholic College, Woree	13	21	12	7	14	21
St Monica's College, Cairns	3	0	2	9	20	8
St Stephen's College, Mareeba	9	11	16	16	18	1
Total (7 schools)	75	62	63	55	73	54
Rockhampton						
Chanel College, Gladstone	5	1	3	2	1	1
Emmaus College, Rockhampton	11	13	15	15	7	3
Holy Spirit College, Mackay	8	10	4	1	0	22
Marist College, Emerald	12	21	14	14	17	15
Mercy College, Mackay	1	2	0	0	2	0
Shalom Catholic College, Bundaberg	21	26	26	20	16	25
St Brendan's College, Yeppoon	1	5	5	4	7	4
St Patrick's College, Mackay	11	14	11	6	7	7
St Ursula's College, Yeppoon	3	4	7	5	4	5
The Cathedral College, Rockhampton	17	27	0	22	13	15
Total (10 schools)	90	123	85	89	74	97
Toowoomba						
Assumption College, Warwick	9	16	18	13	24	7
Downlands Sacred Heart College	18	15	18	22	26	26
Our Lady the Southern Cross College, Dalby	12	15	8	18	15	11
St John's School, Roma	6	13	1	14	11	15
St Joseph's College, Toowoomba	23	41	29	15	43	35
St Joseph's School, Stanthorpe	13	8	7	16	9	9
St Mary's College, Toowoomba	28	25	22	23	32	22
St Saviour's College, Toowoomba	7	13	15	22	16	23
St Ursula's College, Toowoomba	17	17	26	28	25	34
Youth & Community Learning Centre,	0					
Toowoomba		3	1	5	1	1
Total (10 schools)	133	166	145	176	202	183
Townsville						
Burdekin Catholic High School, Ayr	2	7	5	13	5	3
Columba Catholic College, Charters Towers	2	0	0	0	4	6
Gilroy Santa Maria College, Ingham	9	4	6	9	7	3
Good Shepherd College, Mount Isa	13	7	10	0	1	0
Ignatius Park College, Aitkenvale	8	12	5	13	8	8
Ryan Catholic College, Kirwan	22	25	33	30	8	16
St Anthony's Catholic College	12	11	11	4	1	1
St Catherine's Catholic College	8					
St Margaret Mary's College, Hyde Park	5	7	3	3	2	3
St Patrick's College, Townsville	7	0	4	0	2	0
St Teresa's College, Abergowrie	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total (11 schools)	89	73	77	72	38	40
Grand Total	1026	1084	1033	998	1103	1155

Table 4 shows variations in the number of SAT enrolments by schools and dioceses in the last 12 months. Marymount College (Burleigh Waters), St Columban's College (Caboolture), St Michael's College (Carrara) and St Andrew's College (Redlynch) each had over 30 SAT enrolments for 2017.

Schools showing an increase of three or more in the number of new SATs enrolments in the last 12month period are represented in bold font. It should be noted that SATs represent but one aspect of VET in Schools programs undertaken. In some instances, schools have prioritised SATs as a mechanism for VET delivery. In other instances, VET programs are delivered by the school Registered Training Organisation or via arrangements with an external Registered Training Organisation or TAFE institutes.

There were 1026 new school-based apprenticeship and traineeships enrolled in 2017 as sourced from the DET Connect data base. This figure represents a decrease of 5.35% on SATs registered with QCEC for seed funding in 2016. (The 2016 and previous years' figures were sourced from QCEC registrations for seed funding and these figures may be marginally different). Schools were assisted with the cost of establishing SATs for students through payment of seed funding of \$350 per sign-up for all SATs areas. This was one mechanism for encouraging expansion of VET in areas of identified labour skill shortage.

Table 5 SATs Statistics¹⁰

SATs Statistics	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total SATs	1026	1084	1033	998	1103	1155
 SATs Male 	547	529	491	461	533	617
SATs Female	479	555	542	537	570	538

Table 5 indicates the number of males and females who enrolled in a SAT in 2017.

STRATEGIC DIRECTION 3

Supporting schools in the transition to the VETiS Funding Framework.

Performance Indicators

(a) Evidence of support for schooling authorities and schools to transition to the VETiS Funding Framework.

Queensland Catholic schools have employed a range of strategies to support the transition to the VETiS Funding Framework. The following illustrate the range of strategies employed:

- QCEC facilitated a two-day VET and Vocational Learning Symposium in 2017
- Workshops and briefings provided for VET Coordinators and RTO managers
- VET Coordinators and RTO managers attended DET and QCAA training workshops
- VET Coordinators and RTO managers attended diocesan network days
- Schools actively sought partnerships with external RTOs to deliver qualifications
- Information on the VET Funding Framework is provided to students and parents and SET planning processes adapted to accommodate the new arrangements.

¹⁰ Data source QCEC Seed Funding Applications 2012-2016 and DET Connect Data base 2017

STRATEGIC DIRECTION 4

Developing strategies to maintain quality standards in VET in Schools including professional development.

Performance Indicators

- (a) Evidence of development and attendance at quality professional development opportunities in VET for Catholic school staff
- (b) Evidence of structures in place in Catholic schools to facilitate compliance with the National VET Framework
- (c) Evidence of appropriate coordination strategies in place at system and Diocesan levels covering all schools affiliated with QCEC participating in school-based apprenticeships and traineeships.

Officers in each diocese provide training, in-service and networking opportunities to develop the capacity within schools to deliver VET. In addition, those involved with VET have accessed national and state conferences in order to keep abreast of changes and innovations in the area and to maintain networking opportunities. There are staff responsible for the coordination of VET at system level in the Queensland Catholic Education Commission in order to provide a point of contact for dissemination of information and resources. The maintenance of a dedicated section of the QCEC website for *Vocational Education* and VET related issues assists school personnel further in accessing updated professional information. QCEC supports a Network that meets regularly and provides support for officers in Catholic Schooling Authorities with responsibility for VET.

Within schools, staff are designated to manage the delivery and also the compliance arrangements for VET. Schools continue to try to balance the budgetary imposts of the mandated requirements in terms of facilities and human resources to deliver VET. Part of the VET funding received by the Queensland Catholic Education Commission is distributed directly to school authorities (with attached application and acquittal procedures) for discretionary use for these types of purposes.

Schools continue to adapt practice in accordance with VET Quality Framework requirements. It should be noted that VET Quality Framework requirements do change according to industry vision and requirements and this can have significant impact for schools in the delivery of accredited VET. Catholic secondary schools do however continue to meet audit requirements for VET Quality Framework and to deliver a diverse range of VET as part of their senior schooling programs.

There are considerable resources dedicated to appropriate coordination and infrastructure for VET at the systems and diocesan level. Each of the five dioceses and Edmund Rice Education Australia (EREA) have continued to develop quality coordination arrangements to support the delivery of VET and to further facilitate compliance with VET Quality Framework requirements. There is a designated Officer within each diocese and EREA who works with VET Coordinators and School Administrators to support the VET in Schools program. There is evidence of the expanding role and increasing demands on VET Coordinators in schools and of school communities endeavouring to meet and support the needs of a complex and changing role. The increasing complexity of VET in Schools has led to additional demands on staff within schools.

STRATEGIC DIRECTION 5

Increasing participation in, and access to, VET in Schools within rural and remote areas and for educationally disadvantaged students including Indigenous students and students with a disability.

Performance Indicators

- (a) Numbers of educationally disadvantaged and rural or remote students accessing support for
 - VET Programs
 - SWL Programs
 - SATs

Funds aimed at improving Access and Equity have been devoted to improving the opportunities of students using two different categories:

- 1. Travel and accommodation support for rural and remote students who travel to access the on-the-job or offthe-job components of their training
- 2. Access and Equity support for students with special needs.

QCEC provided funding under these two programs to the following number of students in 2017

Table 6 Travel & Accommodation and Access & Equity Funding¹¹

Travel and accommodation support for rural	Equity support for students with special needs
and remote students	
10	15

Queensland Catholic schools reported the following data (**Table 7**) on support for educationally disadvantaged students in various VET related programs in 2017. This support has been provided from funding sources other than VET in Schools Grant Funding Allocation.

Table 7 Educationally Disadvantaged students access to VET related programs¹²

Numbers of educationally	Numbers of educationally	Numbers of educationally
disadvantaged and rural or	disadvantaged and rural or	disadvantaged and rural or
remote students accessing	remote students accessing	remote students accessing
support for VET programs	support for SWL programs	support for SATs
1751	595	441

STRATEGIC DIRECTION 6

Active participation and contribution to the ongoing VETiS Policy agenda through the established State VETiS Working Group.

Performance Indicators

(a) Evidence of contribution to the ongoing VETiS Policy agenda and participation in the State VETiS Working Group

QCEC has been keen to contribute to the State VET in Schools Working Groups and the DET SATs Advisory Committee but unfortunately these groups did not meet in 2017.

¹¹ Data source QCEC Travel & Accommodation and Access & Equity Application 2017

¹² Data source QCEC VET Reporting Data Collection

Conclusion

The VET in Schools funding remains the major source of external support for provision of VET opportunities for students in Catholic schools. While the funding is appreciated there are salient issues that will continue to impact on the ability of Catholic schools to deliver VET at a high standard:

- i. The quantum of funding is insufficient to facilitate the change and consequent increased level of resourcing that is constantly impacting on VET delivery in Queensland schools.
- ii. The amount of funding that is available to individual schools has meant that they cannot address all aspects of the Strategic Directions and decisions are made at the local level appropriate to their particular community and maximising VET opportunities for students.

QCEC values the continuation of this funding to non-government schools and encourages government to consider how this funding might be expanded beyond the current levels.

QCEC would be pleased to discuss further any aspects of this report, please contact Marie Previte, Executive Officer Education, on 07 3316 5831 or <a href="marieta:ma

Dr Lee-Anne Perry AM

Executive Director